



Policy:

MD 005 Smoke Free Policy

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Summary of policy

This Policy enables the provision of a safe, smoke free environment and health promotion for service users and staff. The Policy identifies the roles and responsibilities of all staff employed by SHSC to support the routine provision of tobacco dependence treatment. It supports service users and staff who do not wish to stop smoking in preventing harm to others from second-hand smoke and in managing tobacco dependency symptoms whilst on trust premises and grounds. The policy encourages and supports staff and service users who smoke to access stop smoking services.

Target audience	All SHSC staff (including staff seconded into, working or training in SHSC), contractors, students, patients, service users, carers and visitors
Keywords	Smoke free, QUIT, tobacco, nicotine replacement, vaping, e-cigarettes, smoking cessation

Storage & Version Control

This is Version 3 this policy and is stored and available through the SHSC intranet/internet.

This version of the policy supersedes the previous version (MD005 Smoke Free and Nicotine Management Policy, 2018). Any copies of the previous policy held separately should be destroyed and replaced with this version.

Version Control and Amendment Log

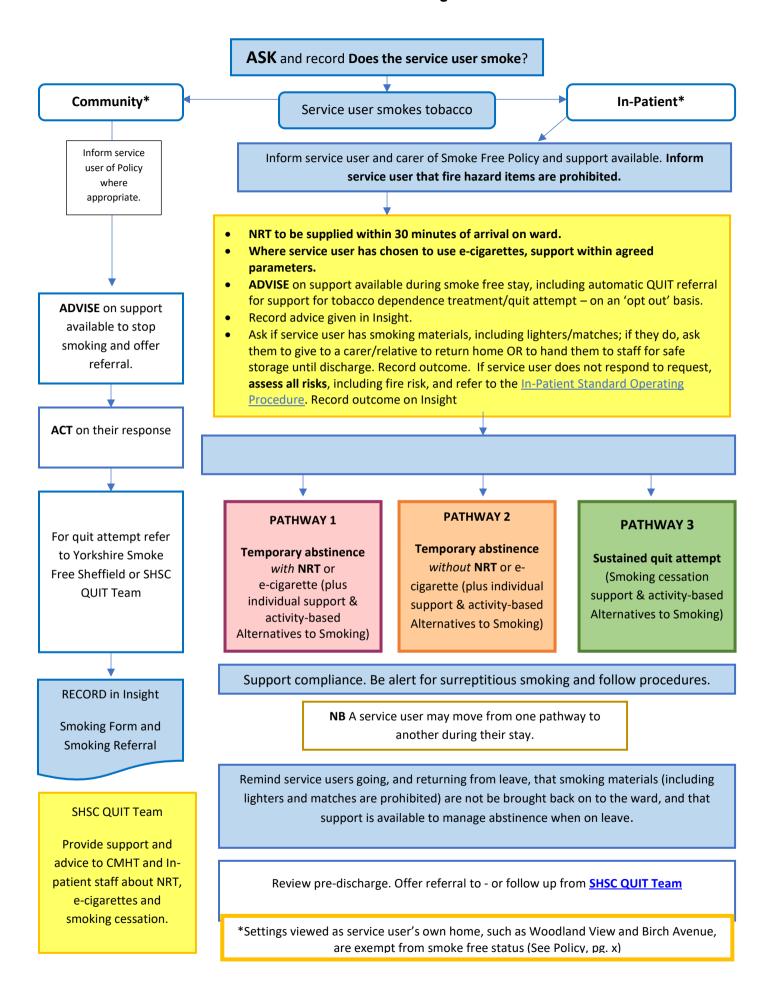
Version No.	Type of Change	Date	Description of change(s)
1.0	New Nicotine Management and Smoke Free Policy	31/05/2016	New policy commissioned by EDG to enable Trust to comply with NICE Guidance (2013)
	Standard Operational Procedure for implementation of Policy on all inpatient wards developed created	May 2016	SOP developed to support Policy implementation on wards, including all aspects of nicotine therapy ordering, storage and use.
	Standard Operational Procedure for implementation of Policy on all inpatient wards developed revised	June 2017	SOP revised to in light of Care Quality Commission: <i>Brief Guide: Smoke Free Policies in mental health inpatient services (2017) and to</i> increase clarity on actions to be taken to support Policy implementation This includes actions to minimise the risk of fire, (including from surreptitious smoking).
2.0	Policy reviewed and revised – renamed: Smoke Free and Nicotine Management	April 2018	Policy review undertaken as planned. Amendments made during consultation, prior to ratification.
2.0	Policy review date extended to 30/11/2020	November 2020	
2.1	Policy review date extended to 31/03/2021	23/11/2020	Amendment to Policy to provide clarity with respect to storage, and to stipulate that all forms of tobacco products are prohibited items
3.0	Policy reviewed in accordance with review date.	March 2021	Policy updated to include national guidance, and evidence; incorporate QUIT clinical programme within treatment pathways; permit staff to vape on site within clear parameters; provide further clarity with respect to storage of tobacco during an inpatient stay

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Smoke Free and Nicotine Management Flow Chart



SMOKE FREE POLICY

1. Introduction

Tobacco smoking is the largest single modifiable risk factor for health. The *NHS Long Term Plan* sets out the NHS contribution to reducing harm from tobacco and health inequalities.

Sheffield Health and Social Care NHS Foundation Trust (SHSC) is committed to improving the health and wellbeing of patients, carers, staff and visitors. This policy prohibits smoking in SHSC premises i.e., buildings, grounds and Trust vehicles. The Trust will provide treatment to service users and staff who smoke and wish to quit, and support smokers who do not wish to quit to temporarily abstain whilst in Trust buildings, grounds, and during an inpatient admission.

This policy complies with:

- NICE Guidance PH48 Smoking Cessation in Acute, Maternity and Mental Health Services (2013)
- NHS Standard Contract
- Health and Safety at Work Act (1974)
- Health Act 2006 (Smoke Free Legislation)
- Care Quality Commission (CQC) Guidance.
- CQC guidance states that 'the fact that a service is smoke free should not itself be raised as a concern about 'blanket restrictions' and notes "the Court of Appeal has ruled that smoke free policies do not infringe human rights' (pg. 1).

The policy is aligned with:

- Roadmap to Smoke Free 2030
- Tobacco Control Strategy for Sheffield
- The Smoking and Mental Health Partnership
- Breathe 2025
- Equally Well

Implementation of the policy supports delivery of:

- SHSC Physical Health Strategy 2020-2023
- SHSC People Plan (add date)
- South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw Integrated Care System QUIT Programme.

1.1. Rationale

Smoking is the single largest cause of preventable ill health and premature death in England, and at least half of all life-long smokers will die prematurely.¹

Whilst the prevalence of adult smoking in England has been decreasing steadily since the 1970 (currently around 13.9% in the population overall), there has been no clear downward trend in smoking rate in people with mental ill health. The prevalence of smoking is consistently higher among people who use mental health services.

Smoking and mental health

• Life expectancy among people with mental health conditions is 15-20 years lower than in the general population,^{2,} and high smoking rates are the largest contributing factor to this difference in life expectancy.^{3,4}

- Smoking exacerbates poverty for a large proportion of adults with a mental health condition.⁵
- Smoking is associated with an increased risk of dementia. The World Health
 Organisation estimates that fourteen per cent of cases of Alzheimer's disease
 worldwide are potentially attributable to smoking.⁶
- There is growing evidence that daily tobacco use is associated with an increased risk of psychosis and an earlier age at onset of psychotic illness.⁷
- People with a mental health condition who smoke:
 - Experience more severe symptoms of psychosis, 8 depression and anxiety9
 - ➤ Have an increased risk of the onset of panic attacks¹⁰
 - Spend longer time in hospital and less time out of hospital¹¹
 - Require higher doses of some psychotropic medicines.

Smoking and COVID-19:

 Research suggests that tobacco use is associated with a greater risk of severe respiratory disease from COVID-19, and that people who smoke are at an increased risk of developing symptomatic COVID-19.¹²⁻¹⁴

Smoking cessation

- Good evidence exists that smokers with mental health problems can be helped to stop smoking; SHSC service users and staff have collaborated in research to test effective interventions.¹⁵
- Smoking cessation is associated with reduced depression, anxiety, and stress and improved positive mood and quality of life. A British Medical Journal systematic review concluded "The effect size is equal or larger than those of anti-depressant treatment for mood and anxiety disorders".9

1.2. Sheffield context

Smoking prevalence figures are markedly higher for people with mental ill health in Sheffield

13.9% The smoking prevalence for the Sheffield population as a whole (2019) 37.9% People on the SMI register in primary care in Sheffield

52% Service users admitted to SHSC inpatient units (Jan-Dec 2020, INSIGHT

data)

Service users admitted to SHSC acute (Jan-Dec 2020, INSIGHT data)

NB Smoking prevalence for our wards in 2016 was 66%

People with severe mental illness are almost as likely as the general population to want to stop smoking, but in the past have not received the help they need.¹⁵

- Of 264 SHSC service users participating in the Health and Lifestyle Behaviours Research Survey, 47% smoked, of whom 3 in 5 reported that they wanted to quit.¹⁶.
- Of 29 SHSC services users participating a Cancer Research UK study during their inpatient admission on an acute ward. 18 of 29 reported that they would like to stop smoking or expressed an intention to stop.¹⁷

The Sheffield Tobacco Control Strategy (2017-2022) has set an ambition of a:

- smoking prevalence rate of 10% or less, in the Sheffield adult population as whole by 2025
- smoking prevalence rate of 35% or less for people with severe mental ill health by 2020
- smoking prevalence rate of 5% for people with mental ill health by 2035 (in keeping with the Stolen Years Report).

2. Scope

This policy applies to all health and social care staff working for SHSC, service users, visitors, contractors, sub-contractors and other persons who enter premises owned or leased by the Trust, or from which the Trust provides a service, including buildings, wards, grounds, car parks, entrances and exits, and all Trust owned vehicles.

<u>All staff</u> includes those seconded in, those on fixed term, temporary or honorary contracts or on the flexible workforce, students and trainees. Trust staff are covered by the Policy at all times, including when working away from the site, for example, in non-Trust community settings.

Where service users reside in supported living schemes or community residential settings, such as Woodland View and Birch Avenue, or have private tenancy agreements, these settings are viewed as the service user's own home.

3. Purpose

This policy identifies the roles and responsibilities of all staff employed by SHSC to support the routine provision of tobacco dependence treatment and ensure the provision of completely smoke free environments.

Reducing harm from tobacco and successfully providing smoke free environments within mental health settings involves major cultural change. This policy provides the framework to achieve the necessary behavioural, clinical and operational change.

Details of the policy

- This policy prohibits smoking and tobacco use of any kind in SHSC premises i.e., buildings, grounds and Trust vehicles
- Service users in community settings are requested to provide a smoke free room/environment if they are receiving home visits.
- The Trust will provide treatment to service users and staff who smoke and wish to quit, and support smokers who do not wish to quit to temporarily abstain whilst in Trust buildings, grounds, and during an inpatient admission.
- All service users and staff who smoke will be provided with every opportunity to reduce or quit smoking through the provision of access to the full range of evidencebased interventions.
- Service users who do not wish to stop smoking will be supported to manage their nicotine dependency whilst on Trust premises, and during a hospital admission.
 Staff who do not wish to stop smoking will be supported to manage their nicotine dependency during contracted working hours.
- This Policy acknowledges the distinction between e-cigarettes (vaping products) and tobacco (smoking). E-cigarettes are a significantly safer alternative to combustible tobacco.
- For both service users and staff, this Policy recommends the use of nicotine replacement products (NRT) as the first line approach to support temporary or

permanent abstinence from tobacco. For service users and staff who do not want to take up the option of NRT, we will promote switching to vaping to support a quit attempt, or as a harm reduction alternative.

- Service users are advised that tobacco related products are not to be brought onto SHSC wards, and that all lighters, matches, tobacco and tobacco related products are prohibited items.
- Service users who have smoking materials with them at time of admission are asked to give these items to family or friends to return home. If this is not possible, service users are required to hand to a member of staff for safe storage, for return on final discharge. The only circumstances in which smoking paraphernalia will be returned to the service user prior to discharge, is if the service user requests to return them home on their first home leave. Service users returning home are advised that as all smoking paraphernalia are prohibited items, such items must not be brought back on the ward following a period of leave, and any such items will only be returned on final discharge
- Tobacco and lighters may not be returned to service users for periods of leave.

4. Definitions

- Electronic cigarettes (e-cigarettes) are handheld devices that work by heating a
 liquid that usually contains nicotine and flavourings. E-cigarettes allow you to inhale
 nicotine in a vapour rather than smoke. Because they do not burn tobacco, ecigarettes do not expose users to the same levels of toxins that are known to cause
 smoking-related diseases in people who use conventional cigarettes. In the UK
 nicotine-containing vaping products are regulated stringently through the Tobacco
 and Related Products Regulations 2016. There are no medicinally licensed nicotine
 vaping products in the UK.
- Nicotine replacement therapy (NRT) products are licensed nicotine-containing
 products that work by providing smokers with nicotine to help them deal with
 withdrawal symptoms. NRT products, outlined in the British National Formulary,
 include transdermal patches, gum, lozenges, inhalers and a nasal spray, are for use
 as a stop smoking aid or for temporary abstinence. NRT is much safer than
 smoking because it does not contain the tar and other toxic chemicals contained in
 tobacco smoke
- **Passive vaping:** PHE's 2018 evidence review has found no identified health risks of passive vaping to the health of bystanders.
- Second-hand smoke: breathing in other people's cigarette smoke is called passive, involuntary or second-hand smoking. The World Health Organization has listed second-hand smoke as a human carcinogen to which there is no safe level of exposure.¹ 30 minutes of exposure to second-hand smoking reduces blood flow to the heart in fit, healthy adults.
- Smoke Free means air that is free of smoke and applies to hospital buildings, grounds and vehicles.
- Smoking harms nearly every organ of the body. It causes lung cancer, respiratory
 disease and cardiovascular disease as well as many cancers in other organs
 including lip, mouth, throat, bladder, kidney, stomach, liver and cervix. Smoking

reduces fertility and significantly raises the risk of developing type 2 diabetes, eye disease and dementia

- **Smoking cessation:** stopping smoking with the intention to stop permanently. Stopping may be abrupt or by cutting down before stopping. The evidence suggests that smokers are four times more likely to quit successfully by using a combination of medication and behavioural support.
- Smokeless tobacco e.g. chewing tobacco, snuff.
- **Tobacco** contains over 4,000 chemicals, 69 of which are carcinogenic. A single cigarette seriously elevates cardiovascular risk. Almost all of the harm from smoking comes from the inhalation of tobacco smoke rather than nicotine.
- Tobacco dependence is a chronic relapsing clinical condition that prematurely kills at least half of people who smoke. It is a treatable clinical addiction, rather than a lifestyle choice. The Royal College of Physicians 2000 report (2002) concludes that: "Cigarettes are highly efficient nicotine delivery devices and are as addictive as drugs such as heroin or cocaine."
- Tobacco free includes banning the use of cigarettes, cigars, pipes, hookah, all forms of smokeless tobacco, clove cigarettes and other alternative products made primarily with tobacco.;
- Trust owned vehicle includes lease cars must be smoke free at all times, as should any vehicle contracted for its business. Privately owned vehicles must be smoke free when being used for work purposes
- QUIT Programme: South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw Integrated Care System's
 evidenced-based programme to enable the systematic implementation of the
 treatment of tobacco dependency in secondary care, and the provision of ongoing
 smoking support for people to quit smoking.
- QUIT Team: an in-house specialist tobacco treatment team working within the SYB ICS QUIT Programme. Offers bespoke tobacco dependence treatment and stop smoking support to service users and staff, and support to teams implement smoke free settings. The team comprises a Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager, a Health Improvement Manager, and Tobacco Treatment Advisors/Practitioners.
- QUIT Champions Network, comprises staff identified within community, ward and corporate teams, working closely with the QUIT team to support the treatment of tobacco dependence. Champions are supported to qualify as NCST Level 2 Smoking Cessation Practitioners.

Abbreviations

SHSC Sheffield Health and Social Care NHS Foundation Trust

SYB South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw

ICS Integrated Care System

Insight Patient Information Electronic Recording System, used by most

Services at SHSC

JAC Electronic prescribing system

NCSCT National Centre for Smoking Cessation Training

NICE National Institute for Clinical Excellence
NIHR National Institute for Health Research

NRT Nicotine Replacement Therapy
QUIT SYC ICS QUIT Programme

SMI Severe Mental Illness

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

SystmOne Clinical electronic recording system, used in GP practices and some

teams within SHSC

TobTA/P Tobacco Treatment Advisors/Practitioner (QUIT Team)

VBA Very Brief Advice YH Yorkshire and Humber

5. Duties

5.1. The Trust Board

 The Board delegates responsibility to the Quality Assurance Committee to obtain assurance that this policy is being implemented across SHSC and that the key actions are progressed and completed through governance structures

5.2. Executive Directors

- The Executive Medical Director has overall accountability for smoke free implementation and reducing harm from tobacco, and will ensure Trust representation at the Sheffield Tobacco Control Programme Accountable Board and SYB ICS QUIT Oversight Group
- All directors are responsible for providing the leadership essential to ensure successful delivery of this policy. Directors will ensure that this policy, and associated protocols and guidance are fully understood and implemented within their respective areas of responsibility and across all clinical and corporate services.

5.3. Heads of Service, Clinical and Corporate Directors, Directors of Professions and Deputy Chief Nurse /Deputy Director of Nursing (Operation)

- Provide leadership to support implementation of the policy in their area of responsibility
- Are responsible for the implementation of this policy
- Have a documented action plan to support implementation of the policy, including engagement in relevant quality improvement, research and evaluation activities.

5.4. Clinical Leads, Modern Matrons, General Managers, Ward and Team Managers across clinical and corporate services

- Provide leadership to ensure everyone contributes to maintaining a smoke free environment
- Comply fully with the Policy and provide a suitable role model for staff and service users
- Ensure all staff are aware of and adhere to the Policy
- Support staff who smoke and who want to quit to access smoking cessation support during working time
- Support staff who do not want to quit to access advice on the use of nicotine replacement therapy to support temporary abstinence during working hours
- Ensure staff do not take smoking breaks during work hours
- Ensure smoke free signs are placed in the buildings and gardens where services are delivered.

5.5. All staff

- Will comply with this policy and promote a smoke free environment.
- Will not facilitate service users to smoke (i.e. escort a service user to the ward garden, to the hospital grounds or off site to smoke, buy tobacco products, or light cigarettes). Staff must not use tobacco as reward for patients.
- Are prohibited from purchasing or providing tobacco for patients. Staff must not use tobacco as reward for patients

5.5.1 Staff who smoke

- Can access support from the in-house QUIT team or their local Stop Smoking Service, and negotiate time off work to attend treatment sessions
- Can access support and advice on nicotine replacement products from the QUIT team to support abstinence from smoking while at work.
- Must not smoke in front of patients, their families or carers
- Must not smoke on Trust/any NHS premises, grounds, car parks or in Trust owned vehicles
- Must not smoke at the entrance to any Trust property, as this undermines the policy
- Must not smoke whilst wearing a visible uniform, or badge which identifies them as a Trust member
- Must not take 'smoking breaks' during their contracted hours of employment.
- Are requested to be sensitive to the potential to undermine the health benefits of this policy to service users who are abstaining from smoking, if they see staff smoking or can smell smoke on staff
- Understand that Trust disciplinary procedures for continued non-compliance with this policy will apply.

5.5.2 Staff who use e-cigarettes

- Staff are allowed to vape in the hospital grounds; staff are not permitted to vape indoors.
- Staff are asked to vape away from entrances, highly visible areas and open windows, and consideration and priority must be given to the rights of others sharing the outdoor space.
- Staff are expected to make considered and sensible judgements on their personal use of e-cigarettes, and if in doubt discuss with their line manager.
- Staff are not permitted to use e-cigarettes with patients whilst at work

See Appendix 2: Support for staff who smoke.

5.6. QUIT/Tobacco Dependence Treatment Team

Roles and responsibilities include providing:

- Bespoke specialist tobacco dependence treatment to service users and staff, including support to quit, support to manage temporary abstinence during an inpatient admission, and harm reduction interventions
- Tobacco related education and training
- Advice, consultation, mentoring and clinical supervision to clinical teams and staff
- Collaborative working with partners in the SYB ISC QUIT programme
- Collaborative working with academic research partners

5.7. Ward /Team Managers - Inpatient Services

 Provide leadership to embed the implementation of this policy in day-to-day service delivery

- Foster engagement with quality improvement and research initiatives to support smoke free implementation and share learning
- Will ensure:
- Orientation to the rationale for smoke free is included within staff induction
- Staff complete appropriate education and training
- Staff personal development plans reflect an employee's training needs to deliver tobacco dependence treatment
- A safe and appropriate skill mix within teams to meet the tobacco dependence needs of service users
- Minimum of two QUIT Champions identified for each ward/inpatient unit
- Service user information regarding smoking, physical and mental health, and medications and the support on offer is available and accessible in inpatient areas and to visitors and carers
- Welcome packs include smoke free support materials.
- Information on tobacco smoke and medication interactions is available in all clinical areas and is shared with service users in a way that they understand
- All appointment letters and communications from the service communicate the smoke-free status in the service
- Service users, carers and visitors are advised that tobacco related products are not to be brought onto SHSC wards, and lighters, matches, tobacco and tobacco related products are prohibited items.
- Teams are supported to maintain a smoke free environment by ensuring that any tobacco related paraphernalia brought on the ward at time of admission, or any other time, is stored safely, and only returned at time of discharge. If requested by the service user, smoking paraphernalia may be returned on first leave home; service users will be reminded that all smoking paraphernalia are prohibited items, and that any subsequent items brought on the ward will only be returned on final discharge. Tobacco and lighters may not be returned to service users for periods of leave.
- Staff do not facilitate smoking (i.e. escort patients to the ward garden, hospital grounds or community leave, to buy tobacco products or light cigarettes)
- Staff identify and record the smoking status of every service user on Insight or SystmOne; provide Very Brief Advice (VBA) to all service users who smoke (ask, record, advise, act), and offer support to stop smoking on initial contact and at regular intervals throughout their episodes of care; where appropriate, obtain and record carbon monoxide reading.
- NRT is offered within 30 minutes of admission to an inpatient ward, in accordance with the NRT issuing guideline.
- Patients who already use or opt to use e-cigarettes are supported to do so, and that systems are in place to support this, within the agreed parameters outlined in the e-cigarette guideline
- Service users who smoke have a personalised tobacco treatment plan within their Collaborative Care Plan
- Personalised tobacco treatment plans are reviewed within multidisciplinary review meetings.
- Staff and service users are aware of the need to adjust medication if required according to smoking status and, that this is reflected within an individual's Collaborative Care Plan
- Service users who smoke are referred to the QUIT team who will see all patients on an opt out basis, and provide advice and consultation to ward staff
- Ward systems are in place so that

- NRT is available in all inpatient areas to manage tobacco withdrawal symptoms, (either for planned abstinence or temporary abstinence)
- Service users are supplied with an adequate amount of NRT during periods of leave and on discharge
- Follow up plans are in place if the service user wishes to maintain their abstinence after discharge
- Provision of therapeutic and diversional activities for patients
- Ward systems are in place to minimise fire risk, including the risk of surreptitious smoking

For further information see Standard Operational Procedure for All Inpatient Wards

5.8. Clinical staff working in in-patient settings

- Ask and record a service user's smoking status on admission, provide very brief advice and record in Insight
- Ensure all service users who smoke are referred to the QUIT team, who will see all patients on an opt out basis
- Liaise with the QUIT team for advice and consultation
- Ensure each patient who smokes has a personalised tobacco treatment plan within their collaborative care plan, and that this is discussed within multidisciplinary review meetings
- Educate service users about NRT, varenicline and e-cigarettes, monitor and support use, and encourage engagement in tobacco dependence treatment
- Ensure that pharmacy guidelines are followed if the service user is prescribed medication that needs adjusting according to smoking status
- Ensure that service users have access to a variety of activities and fresh air to promote wellbeing, reduce boredom and support smoke free adherence
- Ensure service users, carers and visitors are advised that tobacco related products are not to be brought onto SHSC wards, and lighters, matches, tobacco and tobacco related products are prohibited items.
- Ensure service users who have smoking materials with them at time of admission are asked to give these items to family or friends to return home. If this is not possible, service users are required to hand to a member of staff for safe storage, for return on final discharge. The only circumstances in which smoking paraphernalia will be returned to the service user prior to discharge, is if the service user requests to return them home on their first home leave. Service users returning home are advised that as all smoking paraphernalia are prohibited items, such items must not be brought back on the ward following a period of leave, and any such items will only be returned on final discharge
- Ensure service users have access to adequate amount of nicotine replacement, products including during periods of leave and on discharge
- Ensure that all escorted leave plans are negotiated in advance of leaving the
 ward, so that the service user is clear he/she will not be permitted to smoke in
 the company of his/her escort. Service users should be given adequate nicotine
 replacement products to use whether they are on or off the ward. Section 17
 leave is authorised for recovery purposes; it is not for smoking purposes.

5.9. Responsible Medical Officer, Responsible Clinician or Deputy

- Ensure treatment for tobacco dependence is included within multi-disciplinary review meetings for every service user recorded as a smoker on admission.
- Ensure the treatment of tobacco dependency is incorporated within planning for Section 17 leave.

5.10. Team managers – community services

 Provide leadership to embed the implementation of the policy in day-to-day service delivery

Ensure:

- Staff complete appropriate education and training
- There is safe and appropriate skill mix within teams to meet the tobacco dependence needs of service users
- QUIT Champions are identified for each community team
- Engagement is fostered with quality improvement and research activities to support successful smoke free implementation in mental health
- Ensure service user information regarding smoking and physical and mental health, and the medications and support on offer is available and accessible
- Ensure that staff and patients are aware of the need to adjust some medication when smoking status changes, and that this is reflected within care plans
- Ensure all appointment letters, communications and promotional material from the service communicate the smoke-free status in the service

Refer to Section 5.12 with regard to requesting a smoke free environment when visiting service users in homes where someone smokes.

5.11. Clinical staff working in community settings

- Ask and record each service user's smoking status at the first contact, provide very brief advice to all people who smoke, and record in Insight or SystmOne
- Review each service user's smoking status regularly and where the service user has help within the Care Plan Approach, review at each CPA meeting
- Refer all service users who wish to quit to the in-house QUIT team, who will enable treatment either via the team or through Yorkshire Smoke Free Sheffield
- Ensure that staff and patients are aware of the need to adjust some medications according to smoking status and that this is reflected within care plans
- Where appropriate, provide an opportunity for people who use the service to have an Advance Statement or record in their Collaborative Care Plan with details of how they would like their tobacco dependence to be managed in the event of an admission to hospital
- Ensure that any patient being prepared for an inpatient admission, who smokes, is advised in advance of the smoke free policy, and the support that will be available on admission

Refer to Section 5.12 with regard to requesting a smoke free environment when visiting service users in homes where someone smokes.

5.12. Service users, carers and families being seen at home

- If you smoke and are receiving treatment at home or in a community setting, you
 will be offered the opportunity to access stop-smoking support and where
 appropriate an action plan will be developed with you
- If you smoke and are likely to need admission to hospital in the near future, you
 will be encouraged to try NRT or an e-cigarette and consider what future support
 you may need to address your nicotine dependency during your stay in hospital.
 You will also be able to practice with NRT or an e-cigarette to find the product
 that is most suitable for you. Your team will liaise with QUIT team to facilitate
 this.
- To protect staff from second-hand smoke, when staff visit you at home you will be asked to provide a smoke free room/environment. If you are not able to provide such a room, please discuss with a member of staff so that alternative arrangements can be made.

5.13. Visitors

To comply with the Policy.

5.14. Contractors and subcontractors

To comply with the Policy.

6. Procedure

6.1. Signage and the physical environment

The Trust will display signs that make it clear that smoking is prohibited on its premises. All Trust owned vehicles will display the smoke free signs.

6.2. Treatment pathways, guidance and protocols

Smoking is an addiction, that often starts in childhood. Tobacco dependency should be seen as a chronic relapsing clinical condition, that can be treated, rather than as a lifestyle choice.

The treatment needs of a person who smokes will differ according to their unique smoking history and circumstances, and their personal choice about receiving support. However, there are essential steps within the tobacco dependence treatment pathway that apply to all people who smoke:

The aim of the tobacco dependence treatment pathway is to

- Ensure we identify and record the smoking status of every current service user in receipt of inpatient and community care, provide very brief advice (ask, advise, assist)
- Refer newly admitted inpatients for stop smoking specialist support on an opt-out basis
- Refer all community patients who would like a referral, specialist support
- Ensure early diagnosis of severity of tobacco dependence
- Offer every person who smokes NRT within 30 minutes of arrival to an inpatient service
- Offer evidence-based pharmacological, psychological and psycho-education treatment to people who smoke in receipt of inpatient and community care
- Support service users who opt to use electronic cigarettes, within agreed parameters
- Ensure people are offered alternative activities, to replace the activity of smoking
- Ensure people who smoke receive continuous, efficient care and treatment at transition points across the pathway
- Ensure staff who smoke are encouraged and supported to stop smoking, and that staff who do not wish, or are not ready or able to stop smoking, are supported to use NRT for abstinence from tobacco while at work
- Ensure SHSC meet the recommendations of NICE PH48 Guideline for Smoking: Acute, Maternity and Mental Health Services and NICE PH45 Smoking Harm Reduction.

A summary flow chart is provided on page 6. Detailed information on the treatment pathway can be found in the Standard Operational Policy for Treating Tobacco Dependence in Inpatient Wards and the Standard Operational Policy for Treating Tobacco Dependence in Community Teams, and Nicotine Replacement Therapy and E-Cigarette and Vaping Guidelines accompanying this policy.

6.3. Vaping products/electronic cigarettes (E-cigarettes)

Background: The overwhelming view from public health is that e-cigarettes have a vital role to play in reducing harm from tobacco.^{22,24} E-cigarettes have become the most popular aid to stop smoking in England.

On the advice of Public Health England, the *NHS Long Term Plan* stipulates that specialist mental health services should include the option to switch to e-cigarettes while in an inpatient, as part of the new smoking cessation offer (2.11 Pg 35).

A recent Cochrane review reported 'nicotine e-cigarettes probably do help people to stop smoking for at least six months. They probably work better than nicotine replacement therapy and nicotine-free e-cigarettes.'25

E-cigarettes are relatively new products and long-term evidence on e-cigarettes does not exist. The existing evidence base suggests that vaping regulated nicotine products has a small fraction of the risks of smoking, and that E-cigarettes offer a much less harmful alternative to tobacco for dependent smokers.^{24,25}

6.3.1. SHSC E-cigarette procedure, based on existing evidence:

- Licensed nicotine replacement products are recommended to service users and staff as the first line treatment option.
- We recognise that some service users may already be using an e-cigarette, or may prefer to use an e-cigarette to support abstinence during a smoke free admission, or as part of a quit attempt. Whilst in hospital either disposable or rechargeable e-cigarettes can be used, in single occupancy bedrooms, or outside in gardens and grounds. Each ward area will provide information for service users on where e-cigarettes can be used.
- The Trust will supply regulated free e-cigarettes for service users for a specified period of time following admission to an inpatient setting. The relevant paperwork for their issue must be completed for governance and audit purposes. See *Vaping and E-Cigarette Guideline* for further information.
- All service users wishing to use an e-cigarette within an inpatient setting must have a risk assessment in place, and details of support for using the devise documented within their collaborative care plan.
- Subject to ward level risk assessments, if a service user arrives in hospital as a
 user of a re-chargeable e-cigarette, ward staff will enable the service user to
 continue to do so, once necessary safety checks have been made.

Our policy and guideline on e-cigarettes will be kept under active review as new learning and evidence emerges. A quality improvement framework will inform our use of e-cigarettes, to ensure ongoing learning. We will proactively collaborate with research partners to contribute to the evidence base on the use of e-cigarettes within mental health services.

For further information see <u>Vaping and E-cigarette Guideline</u>. For information on staff and vaping, please see Section 5.5.2 and Appendix 2.

6.4. Guidance for SHSC Staff Providing Home Visits

There is no safe level of exposure to second-hand smoke. Staff visiting or treating service users in their home are entitled to the same level of protection from the risks associated with second-hand smoke as those working on Trust premises.

Staff with respiratory conditions (such as COPD or asthma), cardiovascular disease or who are pregnant are at particular risk, even from brief exposure to second-hand smoke and this should be factored into a risk assessment when visiting service users who smoke, with support from line managers.

The Trust also, however, acknowledges the right of individuals to smoke in their own homes.

In order to protect staff from second-hand smoke, service users will be requested, where possible, to provide a smoke free room for home visits and be asked to refrain from smoking throughout the visit.

All community appointment letters will inform service users of the Smoke Free and Nicotine Management Policy, using the following wording:

Sheffield Health and Social Care NHS Foundation Trust is a Smoke Free Organisation. We have a duty to protect staff from the harmful effects of second-hand smoke. If you are receiving a visit from a member of our staff, then we request that the following steps are taken:

- You make a room available that is smoke free or ventilated for an hour before the visit
- You and others in the home do not smoke during our visit.

If you are unable to provide such a room, then please discuss with a member of staff or your care co-ordinator so that alternative arrangements can be made.

If service users are unable to provide a smoke free environment, steps will be taken to identify an alternative venue for visits, if appropriate. In the event that this is not possible, a risk assessment should be undertaken in conjunction with the staff member's line manager. The basis of the risk assessment will be to establish the relative risk of continuing the exposure to second-hand smoke and identify actions to minimise this risk.

The reason for the request will be explained to service users. Face to face discussions create an opportunity to undertake the Very Brief Advice on smoking intervention. Staff are advised to minimise exposure to second-hand smoke or residual smoke particles by not visiting one person who smokes after another.

6.5. Facilitating Adherence and Managing Breaches Of The Policy

The objective of this policy is to promote and develop a culture across all Trust sites where everyone regards smoking as unacceptable, and everyone respects this. The goal in managing breaches is to ensure safety, maximise engagement and create an environment that is conducive to health and recovery.

Therapeutic approaches to managing breaches by service users

It is likely that some service users will find it difficult to adhere to the policy. It is important that non-adherence is not seen as failure but as opportunity to understand the triggers to

the breach, increase support for the service user, and facilitate engagement, rather than generating avoidable resistance or putting people in avoidable challenging situations

If a service user is observed smoking on a ward, staff should ensure the area is safe. If this is an imminent risk then support should be enlisted. Where there is no immediate risk staff should discuss the breach with colleagues and agree the most appropriate time and place to discuss with the service user and review the care plan. People who are struggling to adhere to the policy should have their personalised tobacco dependence treatment plan reviewed, including within multidisciplinary review meetings.

The Trust does not want anyone to feel they need to approach individuals (whether staff or patients) to ask them to stop smoking unless they are confident that it is safe to do so.

The <u>Standard Operational Procedure for All Inpatient Wards</u> provides further information on the actions to be taken to support service users within an inpatient environment.

6.5.1. Staff Breaches

All staff are required to comply with this policy and promote a smoke free environment.

If a staff member breaches the policy, in the first instance their line manager should discuss the issue with them, and ensure they fully understand the Policy. If a member of staff continues to breach the Policy, then action through the disciplinary procedures may be appropriate.

6.5.2. Visitor and Contractor Breaches

Visitors to the Trust will be made aware of the Policy through signs, posters, leaflets and conversations with staff.

Carers will be provided with information about why the Trust is smoke free and asked not to bring prohibited items, including cigarettes, tobacco, lighters, and matches to a patient in hospital. Any visitor found to be supplying these products will be reminded of the policy and asked to support the patient's recovery plan.

If staff observe a visitor smoking on Trust premises, they are requested to approach the visitor to inform them of the policy 'Is it ok if I pass on information, and let you know that this is a smoke free Trust within both the hospital and grounds?'.

If staff observe a contractor smoking on the Trust premises, they should make the contractor aware of the smoke free policy and request that they stop smoking. If the contractor does not comply they should report the contactor to smokefree@shsc.nhs.uk

6.6. Reporting Smoking Related incidents

All smoking related incidents should be reported through the Trust Ulysses Incident Reporting System. Staff should use the incident reporting system to share information about any difficulty implementing the smoke free policy.

Staff are asked to record any incidents of a patient absconding or going absent without leave and any incidents where a patient refuses admission or self-discharges against medical advice because of the policy.

Trust incident reporting will be monitored and reviewed so that action can be taken to continuously improve the quality and safety of smoke free policy implementation. The scope of analysis will include incidents involving smoking and fire, violence, aggression, exploitation and regulation breaches. Staff should report any incidents with respect to the use of e-cigarettes.

7. Development, Consultation and Approval

The process of revising this policy has been led by the smoke free lead and Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager under the direction of the Director for Quality Improvement and the Executive Medical Director.

Revisions to the policy have been informed by:

- learning and feedback from people implementing the current version of the policy, including meetings, workshops and microsystems work within inpatient areas
- service user research and feedback
- collaborative learning with our partners within the ICS SYB QUIT programme, other Mental Health Trusts and experts in the field.

The draft revised policy has been discussed at a wide range of groups and meetings, including Staff Health and Wellbeing Group (30.8.2020), Service User Safety Group (11.2.2021), Medical and Therapeutics Devices Group (23.2.2021) and Inpatient Managers Meeting (10.2.2021/24.2.2021). In addition, a series of consultation meetings have been undertaken with a wide range of clinical and senior managers across the Trust.

The proposed revised policy was distributed widely for consultation, including to the Physical Health Board, the Health Behaviours Workstream and to Professional Leads. A Trust-wide communication (with a link to the proposed revised policy), was shared via an intranet banner and Connect, seeking feedback, and an invitation to complete a survey on staff and vaping – this ran across a two-week period in February. Methods for obtaining feedback on the proposal to permit staff to vape in trust grounds also included an initial survey for staff on acute wards and discussion at community meetings on inpatient wards.

As a result of consultation, the policy has been amended as follows:

- The section on staff vaping now explicitly states that staff are not permitted to vape indoors.
- The section on 'storing tobacco until discharge' has been amended to permit the
 return of tobacco paraphernalia on first leave home (with a proviso that service
 users are advised not to bring tobacco paraphernalia are prohibited items and not
 be brought back to the ward on return from leave, as these will not then be returned
 until discharge)
- Further information has been provided on education and training resources required to deliver the policy
- Sufficient time has been incorporated within the Implementation Plan to enable full
 mobilisation of the QUIT team, and enable comprehensive operationalisation across
 the new Directorates and community and inpatient areas

Overall, the consultation process found strong support for permitting staff to vape within given parameters. Important areas for consideration with respect to staff vaping were raised within the consultation and will be addressed within the guidelines supporting implementation of this change. A consultation report is available on request.

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8. Audit, Monitoring and Review

Monitoring Complian	Monitoring Compliance Template					
Minimum Requirement	Process for Monitoring	Responsible Individual/ group/committee	Frequency of Monitoring	Review of Results process (e.g., who does this?)	Responsible Individual/group/ committee for action plan development	Responsible Individual/group/ committee for action plan monitoring and implementation
Implementation of policy – clinical and patient centred focus	Review progress against policy, guidelines, SOPs, NICE standards and QUIT KPIs	Physical Health and Infection Prevention and Control Group	Minimum Quarterly	Physical Health and Infection Prevention and Control Group (Agenda and Minutes)	QUIT Steering Group (Agenda and Minutes)	QUIT Steering Group/ Directorate Performance and Quality Review Physical Health and Infection Prevention and Control Group (Agenda and Minutes)
Implementation of policy – staff health and support focus	Review progress against relevant policies, guidelines, SOPs, NICE standards and QUIT KPIs	Staff Health and Wellbeing Group	Quarterly	Health and Wellbeing Group (Agenda and Minutes)	QUIT Steering Group/Health and Wellbeing Group (Agenda and Minutes)	QUIT Steering Group/Staff Health and Wellbeing Group (Agenda and Minutes)
Implementation of SOPs, and compliance with NICE standards and relevant QUIT KPIs	Senior Operational Managers, Ward, Community Team Managers reports	Ward/Team/Service manager Ward/Team/Service Governance meeting	Monthly Annual	Ward/Team/Service Governance meeting/QUIT Steering Group/	Ward/Team/Service Governance meeting/QUIT Steering Group/ Physical Health and IPC Group	Directorate Performance and Quality Review /QUIT Steering Group/ Physical Health and IPC Group
Proportion of staff in each team who have completed training as required.	Training compliance data in team governance reports	Ward/Team/Service Governance meeting/QUIT Steering Group	Monthly	Directorate leads Quarterly performance reviews/ QUIT Steering Group	Ward/Team/Service manager/ QUIT Steering Group	Directorate Performance and Quality Review / QUIT Steering Group
Monitor and review smoking related risk incidents and ensure safety and quality improvement	Incident reports	Ward/Team/Service manager Ward/Team/Service Governance meeting/QUIT Steering Group	Monthly	Directorate leads/QUIT Steering Group	Ward/Team/Service Managers/QUIT Steering Group	Directorate Performance and Quality Review /QUIT Steering Group/Health and Safety Committee/Service User Safety Group

9. Implementation Plan

Implementation Plan Action / Task	Responsible Person	Deadline	Progress update
Upload new policy onto intranet and remove old version	Director of Corporate Governance	End March 2021	
Launch revised policy and brief Senior Operational Managers across Trust – including clinical and corporate teams	Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager/Director of Quality and Communications Team	Within three months	
Launch new QUIT clinical team	Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager	By August 2021	
Revise and implement Standard Operating Procedure for Treating Tobacco Dependence on Inpatient Wards	Clinical Directors and Heads of Nursing	Within six months	
Develop and implement Standard Operating Procedure for Treating Tobacco Dependence within Community Teams	Clinical Directors and Heads of Nursing	Within six months	
Ensure all managers and staff are informed and supported for the requirement for compliance and audit	Quality Team		
Development of guidelines for staff who wish to vape and implementation of revised policy on staff and vaping	Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager, Director of People and Communications Team	Within three months	

10. Dissemination, Storage and Archiving (Control)

The policy will be made available to all staff via the internet and intranet. A communication will be issued to all staff via the Communication Digest immediately following publication.

New employees will be introduced to the Policy via job advertisements, within formal contract documentation, and as part of the Trust's induction process.

This is Version 3 this policy and is stored and available through the SHC intranet/internet. This version of the policy supersedes the previous version (MD005 Smoke Free and Nicotine Management Policy, 2018). Any copies of the previous policy held separately.

Version	Date added to intranet	Date added to internet	Date of inclusion in Connect	Any other promotion/ dissemination (include dates)
1.0	31.5.2016	31.5.2016		
2.0	April 2018	April 2018		
2.1	November 2020	November 2020		
3.0	March 2021	March 2021	March 2021	Add

11. Training and Other Resource Implications

A competent workforce is essential for implementation of this policy. The Trust will provide an education and training pathway to ensure all staff are equipped to support smoke free implementation, and clinical areas have the appropriate skill mix to assess and treat tobacco dependence, and deliver the SYB ICS QUIT Programme.

An outline of core education and training requirements are provided in the Table below. An education and training matrix is provided in Appendix 3, including modular additions to core education and training.

- 1. Education for all staff to support smoke free implementation across the Trust
- 2. Very Brief Advice training, in line with PH48, to be completed by all staff who have clinical contact, and refreshed bi-annually
- 3. Brief Intervention Training: Treating Tobacco Dependence, to be completed by all registered nurses and additional identified staff
- 4. Smoking Cessation Practitioner Training (Level 2) to be completed by QUIT Champions and identified staff; training and qualification provided by National Centre for Smoking Cessation Training

All qualified staff who assess, advise on and issue Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT) and e-cigarette products to service users **must** complete the Brief Intervention Training: Treating Tobacco Dependence.

Learning sets, mentoring and/or clinical supervision will be available to support implementation of the training, and ensure feedback and mutual learning to those responsible for monitoring and reviewing the Policy.

Additional resource implications:

- Release for staff who smoke to access smoking cessation treatment sessions
- Release for staff to participate in training
- Education and training capacity to support delivery, e-learning, administration and support to book, prepare, record and monitor staff attendance, and enable compliance and audit reporting, training rooms with required equipment
- IT infra structure and resources to support QUIT delivery, education and training
- Nicotine replacement therapy and vaping products

12. Links to Other Policies, Standards (Associated Documents)

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following SHSC Policies:

Blanket Restrictions Policy Disciplinary Policy Fire Safety Policy Health and Safety Policy

Incident Management Policy and Procedure

Managing substance misuse and harmful substances in bed-based services

Medicines Optimisation Policy

Personal Search Policy

Physical Health Care Policy

Records Management Policy

Self Administration of Medicines Policy

Working Time Regulation Policy (2019)

Key Guidance:

NICE Guidance PH 48

CQC Brief Guide: Smoke Free Policies in Mental Health Inpatient Services (2017) CQC Brief guide: the use of 'blanket restrictions' in mental health wards (2017)

Frameworks and resources [will embed as links within text wherever possible]

- NHS Long Term Plan https://www.england.nhs.uk/long-term-plan/
- NICE Guidance (2013) Smoking Cessation in Secondary Care: Acute, Maternity and Mental Health Services. (Public Health Guideline PH48. http://www.nice.org.uk/Guidance/ph48
- NHS Standard Contract
- Health and Safety at Work Act (1974)
- Health Act 2006 (Smoke Free Legislation)

- Care Quality Commission (2017) Brief guide: Smokefree policies in mental health inpatient services. In: HEALTH, D. O. (ed.). London
- Care Quality Commission Mental Health Act Report 2015-2016
- Roadmap to Smoke Free 2030
- Tobacco Control Strategy for Sheffield https://www.smokefreesheffield.org/
- The Smoking and Mental Health Partnership
- Breathe 2025
- Equally Well Centre for Mental Health https://equallywell.co.uk/ NHS England https://equallywell.co.uk/ NHS E
- ASH Smoking and Mental Health (2016) ASH information and resources http://ash.org.uk/information-and-resources/fact-sheets/smoking-and-mental-health/
- Royal College of Psychiatrists (2018) Position Statement. The prescribing of varenicline and vaping to patients with SMI
- SMI https://www.rcpsych.ac.uk/improving-care/campaigning-for-better-mental-health-policy/position-statements/position-statements-2018

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- Gupta AK, Nethan ST, Mehrotra R. Tobacco use as a well-recognized cause of severe COVID-19 manifestations. *Respir Med.* 2020 Nov 19;176:106233. doi: 10.1016/j.rmed.2020.106233. Epub ahead of print. PMID: 33253975; PMCID: PMC7674071 PVIC
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 - https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanpsy/article/PIIS2215-0366(19)30047-1/fulltext
- 16. Report available on request. Health and Wellbeing Lifestyle Survey https://www.york.ac.uk/healthsciences/closing-the-gap/cohort/
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- National Centre for Smoking Cessation: Smoking cessation and smoke free policies good practice for mental health services http://www.ncsct.co.uk/publication_mental_health_briefing.php
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13. Contact Details

Title	Name	Phone	Email
Executive Medical Director	Dr Mike Hunter	0114 226 4496	Mike.Hunter@shsc.nhs.uk
Executive Director of Nursing, Professions and Operations	Beverley Murphy	0114 271 6791	Beverley.Murphy@shsc.nhs.uk
Smoke Free Lead/Healthy Hospital and Community Programme Manager QUIT Team.	Pete Stewart	0114 271 6656	Pete.Stewart@shsc.nhs.uk
Health Improvement Manager, QUIT Team	Martin Lever	0114 271 1374	Martin.Lever@shsc.nhs.uk
Deputy Director of Pharmacy Services	Shrewti Moerman	0114 226 4773	Shrewti.Moerman@shsc.nhs.uk
Medical Devices Safety Officer	Sophie Rogers	0114 271 6717	Sophie.Rodgers@shsc.nhs.uk

Acknowledgements: South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust

Appendix 1

Equality Impact Assessment Process and Record for Written Policies

Stage 1 – Relevance - Is the policy potentially relevant to equality i.e. will this policy <u>potentially</u> impact on staff, patients or the public? This should be considered as part of the Case of Need for new policies.

NO – No further action is required – please sign and date the following statement.

I confirm that this policy does not impact on staff, patients or the public.

I confirm that this policy does not impact on staff, patients or the public.

Name/Date:

YES, Go to Stage 2

Stage 2 Policy Screening and Drafting Policy - Public authorities are legally required to have 'due regard' to eliminating discrimination, advancing equal opportunity and fostering good relations in relation to people who share certain 'protected characteristics' and those that do not. The following table should be used to consider this and inform changes to the policy (indicate yes/no/ don't know and note reasons). Please see the SHSC Guidance and Flow Chart.

Stage 3 – Policy Revision - Make amendments to the policy or identify any remedial action required and record any action planned in the policy implementation plan section

SCREENING RECORD	Does any aspect of this policy or potentially discriminate against this group?	Can equality of opportunity for this group be improved through this policy or changes to this policy?	Can this policy be amended so that it works to enhance relations between people in this group and people not in this group?
Age	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second-hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Disability	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second-hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified

Gender Reassignment	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Pregnancy and Maternity	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Race	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Religion or Belief	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Sex	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Sexual Orientation	No specific impact identified	Yes. There is no safe level of exposure to second hand smoking or safe level of tobacco smoking	No amendments identified
Marriage or Civil Partnership	No specific impact identified		

Impact Assessment Completed by:

Name /Date Moira Leahy. 31.12.2020

Appendix 2. Support for staff who smoke

SHSC wishes to encourage all staff who smoke to stop smoking. We will support staff who wish to make a guit attempt, or be abstinent from smoking while at work.

Support is available via a range of options, including from the **in-house QUIT team: email quit@shsc.nhs.uk**

Staff will be allowed to attend stop smoking services during work hours without loss of pay, subject to negotiation, and with the approval of their line manager.

Staff who smoke will be offered a free initial starter pack of NRT, and with support from the QUIT team, further supplies - up to 12 weeks in total. NRT can be used as part of a supported quit attempt, or to support temporary abstinence from tobacco while at work.

For staff who do not want to take up the option of NRT, we will promote **switching to vaping** to support a quit attempt, or as a harm reduction alternative.

Staff are allowed to vape in the hospital grounds.

- Staff are asked to vape away from entrances, highly visible areas and open windows, and consideration and priority must be given to the rights of others sharing the outdoor space.
- Staff are expected to make considered and sensible judgements on their personal use of e-cigarettes, and if in doubt discuss with their line manager.
- Staff are not permitted to use e-cigarettes with patients whilst at work

How do we support staff who want to switch from smoking to vaping as part of a quit attempt?

 Staff can access support from the QUIT team, and where project funding is available, staff will be offered a free e-cigarette starter kit as part of an agreed treatment plan.

For support available within SHSC for help to stop smoking

Email: quit@shsc.nhs.uk

For support in Sheffield visit: smokefreesheffield.org

SHSC In-house QUIT Team

For: Stop Smoking Support, NRT and Vaping Advice

Email: quit@shsc.nhs.uk

Yorkshire Smoke Free Sheffield

http://yorkshiresmokefree.n hs.uk/teams/sheffield-team

0800 612 0011 Free from landline 0330 660 1166 Fee from most mobiles

NHS National Stop Smoking Helpline

0300 123 1044

<u>Quit smoking - Better</u> <u>Heath - NHS (www.nhs.uk)</u>

Appendix 3 Education and Training Matrix

N.B Additional onsite and bespoke briefing and training sessions to support Policy delivery

Course	Staff group	Mandatory or Targeted	Mode of training	Training Provider			
Education to support smoke free implementation across the Trust							
Reducing Harm from Tobacco and Supporting a Smoke Free Environment: 'What's my role?'	All staff	Trust induction	E-learning/Face to Face or MS teams	QUIT Team			
Reducing Harm from Tobacco and Supporting a Smoke Free Environment: 'How can I help?'	All managers and leaders	Targeted	E-learning/Face to Face or MS teams	QUIT Team			
Smoke Free and Reducing Fire Risk	All staff	Essential for all inpatient staff Recommended for all	E-learning and assessment	QUIT Team			
Smoking and COVID 19	All staff	Essential for all inpatient staff Recommended for all	E-learning and assessment	QUIT Team			
Very Brief Advice Training							
Very Brief Advice (VBA) on Smoking	All staff who have clinical contact	Mandatory, refreshed biannually	E-learning or Face to face/ MS Teams	NCST/ QUIT Team			
Very Brief Advice on Second-Hand Smoke	Community Staff	Targeted	E-learning	NCST/QUIT Team			
Treating Tobacco Dependence: Br	ief Intervention Training						
Brief Intervention Training: Treating Tobacco Dependence (includes VBA)	All clinical staff	Mandatory for registered nurses, medical staff, trainee and nursing associates/other identified staff; recommended for all clinical staff	E learning Course Or bespoke MS teams/ face to face course	E-learning QUIT Team ICS QUIT			
Level 2: Accredited Smoking Cess							
Smoking Cessation Practitioner Training	Identified clinical staff, including QUIT champions	Targeted	E learning plus face to face/MS teams; E-assessment	NCST supplemented by QUIT Team			

Appendix 4

Review/New Policy Checklist

		Tick to confirm
	Engagement	
1.	Is the Executive Lead sighted on the development/review of the policy?	
2.	Is the local Policy Champion member sighted on the development/review of the policy?	
	Development and Consultation	
3.	If the policy is a new policy, has the development of the policy been approved through the Case for Need approval process?	
4.	Is there evidence of consultation with all relevant services, partners and other relevant bodies?	
5.	Has the policy been discussed and agreed by the local governance groups?	
6.	Have any relevant recommendations from Internal Audit or other relevant bodies been taken into account in preparing the policy?	
	Template Compliance	
7.	Has the version control/storage section been updated?	
8.	Is the policy title clear and unambiguous?	
9.	Is the policy in Arial font 12?	
10.	Have page numbers been inserted?	
11.	Has the policy been quality checked for spelling errors, links, accuracy?	
	Policy Content	
12.	Is the purpose of the policy clear?	
13.	Does the policy comply with requirements of the CQC or other relevant bodies? (where appropriate)	
14.	Does the policy reflect changes as a result of lessons identified from incidents, complaints, near misses, etc.?	
15.	Where appropriate, does the policy contain a list of definitions of terms used?	
16.	Does the policy include any references to other associated policies and key documents?	

17.	Has the EIA Form been completed (Appendix 1)?	
	Dissemination, Implementation, Review and Audit Compliance	
18.	Does the dissemination plan identify how the policy will be implemented?	
19.	Does the dissemination plan include the necessary training/support to ensure compliance?	
20.	i. reviewii. audit compliance with the document?	
21.	Is the review date identified, and is it appropriate and justifiable?	