



Council of Governors15 February 2022

Winter plan and Covid 19 recovery

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Winter plan and Covid 19 recovery



Omicron

 Has presented increasing staffing challenges during December and into January and has impacted on services

The impact has been managed and services have remained open

- We have mitigated the impact
- There were occasions when our planned safer staffing could not be met
- Although wards have had outbreaks robust arrangements are in place to support admission were required, that fully involve the patient in decision making

Service recovery

- Prior to the omicron surge services have generally returned to pre-pandemic ways of working
- Levels of face-to-face activity have continued to rise and are around 10-15% lower than pre- pandemic levels
- IAPT have maintained high levels of online contact

Access and Winter plans



Access and Waiting

- Challenges continue across several services in respect of numbers waiting or length of waits
- Recovery plans are in place for all relevant services and not all delays are due to Covid

Service Demand

- Demand levels across most services are in line with pre-covid levels
- Crisis Services are experiencing sustained increased demand and recent expansion will provide support

Winter Plans

- Traditional winter demands have been low in December
- Contingency plans have focussed on ensuring resilience of staff support and deployment in response to the omicron surge



Vaccination and staffing



Vaccination programmes

- Our vaccination plans have progressed well.
- Arrangements to implement Vaccination as a Condition of Deployment were in place, but halted due to Ministerial guidance

Workforce wellbeing risks

- Absences due to covid have been high in December and January
- There may be a cumulative impact on staff wellbeing into 2022 from the last 21 months of pandemic and recovery.
- Staff wellbeing handbook created and issued



Financial Risks



Financial risks for remainder of 2021/22

- The primary risk is the ability to fully utilise the additional investment
- Challenging due to recruitment lag and the general impacts of Covid on clinical and non-clinical services
- The additional delays in discharge from inpatient services due to omicron also creates a financial pressure as use of out of area bed provision is essential in this context
- Late receipt of 2022/23 Financial guidance
- Draft operational plan identifies risk that 2022/23 Financial context will be challenging



Draft Annual Operational Plan 2022/23



Emphasis now on Planning for 2022/23

- Draft Annual Operational Plan being produced
- In discussion at Sub Committees and Board
- Financial Plan being developed
- Has been very challenging two years for our service users, their carers, and our staff.
 - We must continue to review how services deliver on our Strategy and the NHS Long Term Plan.
 - We need to develop and expand the workforce pipeline, improve our succession planning and work closely with partner services to deliver integrated care.
 - Should staff turnover due to retirees exceed new joiners then we will have insufficient staff to meet demand



Draft Annual Operational Plan 2022/23



Demand for services is forecasted to increase

- In the near to medium term as COVID- 19 becomes controlled through the UK vaccination programme.
- We have developed demand, capacity and workforce plans to respond to the recovery phase.

The systemic inequality that exists and harms people in our communities

- Will be challenged further by the economic downturn anticipated post COVID 19 and the mental health impact of the virus.
- Will disproportionately affect the socially disadvantaged and BAME communities within Sheffield.
- We have an important role to play in helping Sheffield's recovery and we will monitor levels of need and resources required.